# SIMPSON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

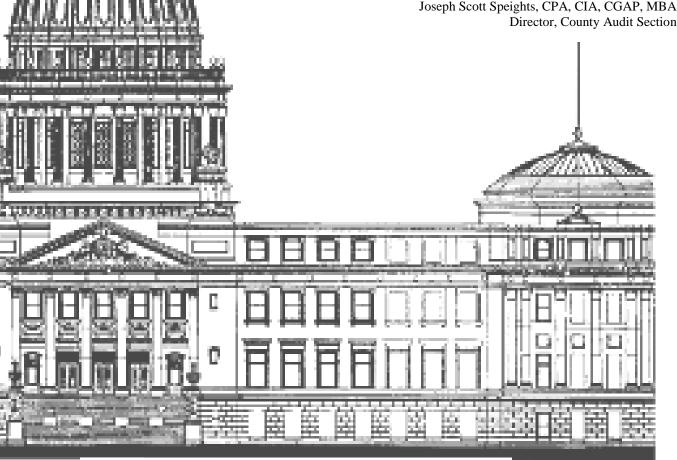


# STACEY E. PICKERING

STATE AUDITOR

William R. Doss, CPA Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

Joseph Scott Speights, CPA, CIA, CGAP, MBA



A Report from the County Audit Section



# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STACEY E. PICKERING

**AUDITOR** 

July 11, 2013

Members of the Board of Supervisors Simpson County, Mississippi

Dear Board Members:

I am pleased to submit to you the 2012 financial and compliance audit report for Simpson County. This audit was performed pursuant to Section 7-7-211(e), Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of Simpson County throughout the audit. Thank you for working to move Mississippi forward by serving as a supervisor for Simpson County. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or J. Scott Speights of my staff at (601) 576-2674.

Respectfully submitted,

Stacey E. Pickering State Auditor

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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# STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STACEY E. PICKERING

AUDITOR

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Simpson County, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Simpson County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County's primary government as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund, and accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other postemployment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net assets and change the expenses of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net assets and expenses of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund is not reasonably determinable.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund of Simpson County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2012, and the changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General Fund, the Countywide Road Maintenance Fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Simpson County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 11, 2013, on our consideration of Simpson County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Simpson County, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Simpson County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on such information.

WILLIAM R. DOSS, CPA

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Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

July 11, 2013

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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	Pr	imary Governmen	t	
		Governmental	Business-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	7,674,606	322,064	7,996,670
Restricted cash		6,272		6,272
Property tax receivable		7,234,096		7,234,096
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for				
uncollectibles of \$806,751)			264,460	264,460
Fines receivable (net of allowance for				
uncollectibles of \$1,617,385)		452,462		452,462
Intergovernmental receivables		342,281		342,281
Other receivables		29,049		29,049
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs		359,385		359,385
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress		2,025,064		2,025,064
Other capital assets, net	_	59,826,816	534,003	60,360,819
Total Assets		77,950,031	1,120,527	79,070,558
LIABILITIES				
Claims payable		281,357	36,869	318,226
Intergovernmental payables		214,281		214,281
Deferred revenue		7,234,096		7,234,096
Unearned revenue			52,487	52,487
Accrued interest payable		127,844		127,844
Other payables		95,641		95,641
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year:		000 500	4.460	020 105
Capital debt		923,733	4,462	928,195
Due in more than one year:		10.076.746	57.646	10 224 202
Capital debt		10,276,746	57,646	10,334,392
Non-capital debt	_	289,772	27,346	317,118
Total Liabilities		19,443,470	178,810	19,622,280
NET AGGETG				
NET ASSETS		50 651 401	471,895	51 102 206
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted:		50,651,401	4/1,093	51,123,296
Expendable:				
General government		55,149		55,149
Public safety		552,767		552,767
Public works		1,093,623	469,822	1,563,445
Health and welfare		129,895	409,622	129,895
Economic development		600,333		600,333
Debt service		61,251		61,251
Unrestricted		5,362,142		5,362,142
Total Net Assets	\$ <del></del>	58,506,561	941,717	59,448,278
I Oldi IVCI ASSCIS	Φ ==	50,500,501	941,/1/	37,440,478

SIMPSON COUNTY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Exhibit 2

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
			Operating	Capital	Primary Governm	ient		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 2,946,805	750,116	6,217		(2,190,472)		(2,190,472)	
Public safety	4,212,506	551,984	198,790	159,806	(3,301,926)		(3,301,926)	
Public works	2,866,382		817,098	481,751	(1,567,533)		(1,567,533)	
Health and welfare	190,668		12,615	215,023	36,970		36,970	
Culture and recreation	226,937				(226,937)		(226,937)	
Conservation of natural resources	93,720				(93,720)		(93,720)	
Economic development and assistance	203,029			61,625	(141,404)		(141,404)	
Interest on long-term debt	512,180				(512,180)		(512,180)	
Total Governmental Activities	11,252,227	1,302,100	1,034,720	918,205	(7,997,202)		(7,997,202)	
Business-type activities:								
Solid Waste	912,249	877,784	18,920			(15,545)	(15,545)	
Total Business-type Activities	912,249	877,784	18,920	0	0	(15,545)	(15,545)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,164,476	2,179,884	1,053,640	918,205	(7,997,202)	(15,545)	(8,012,747)	
	General revenu	es:						
	Property taxe	es			8,012,237		8,012,237	
		privilege taxes			311,193		311,193	
	Grants and co	ntributions not restric	ted to specific progr	rams	861,901		861,901	
	Unrestricted i	nterest income			67,008	2,353	69,361	
	Miscellaneous				273,986	38,824	312,810	
	Total Gener	al Revenues			9,526,325	41,177	9,567,502	
	Changes in Net	Assets			1,529,123	25,632	1,554,755	
	Net Assets - Be	ginning			56,977,438	916,085	57,893,523	
	Net Assets - Er	nding		;	\$ 58,506,561	941,717	59,448,278	

		M ajor Funds			
	_		County wide		
			Road	Other	Total
		General	M aintenance	Governmental	Governmental
	_	Funds	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	4,827,911	631,080	2,215,615	7,674,606
Restricted cash		6,272			6,272
Property tax receivable		4,836,051	1,168,174	1,229,871	7,234,096
Fines receivable (net of allowance for					
uncollectibles of \$1,617,835)		452,462			452,462
Intergovernmental receivables		184,107		158,174	342,281
Other receivables		19,295		9,754	29,049
Due from other funds		13,589	34,090	19,028	66,707
Advances to other funds	_	33,500		15,000	48,500
Total Assets	\$ =	10,373,187	1,833,344	3,647,442	15,853,973
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Claims payable	\$	90,542	63,259	127,556	281,357
Intergovernmental payables		182,442		17,745	200,187
Due to other funds		67,212		13,589	80,801
Advances from other funds				48,500	48,500
Deferred revenue		5,288,513	1,168,174	1,229,871	7,686,558
Other payables		95,641			95,641
Total Liabilities	_	5,724,350	1,231,433	1,437,261	8,393,044
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Advances		33,500			33,500
Restricted for:					
General government				55,149	55,149
Public safety				680,605	680,605
Public works			601,911	570,549	1,172,460
Health and welfare				129,895	129,895
Economic development and assistance				600,333	600,333
Debt service				189,095	189,095
Unassigned		4,615,337		(15,445)	4,599,892
Total Fund Balances	_	4,648,837	601,911	2,210,181	7,460,929
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ _	10,373,187	1,833,344	3,647,442	15,853,973

September 30, 2012		
	_	Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	7,460,929
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$92,534,378.		61,851,880
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		452,462
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(11,490,251)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		(127,844)
Deferred charges - bond issuance costs		359,385

Exhibit 3-1

58,506,561

Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets

SIMPSON COUNTY

SIMPSON COUNTY
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
For the Year Ended September 30, 2012	

	]	Major Funds			
	_	<i>J</i>	County wide	•	
			Road	Other	Total
		General	M aintenance	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES					_
Property taxes	\$	5,064,871	1,401,635	1,545,731	8,012,237
Road and bridge privilege taxes			311,193		311,193
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		226,759		11,441	238,200
Fines and forfeitures		648,183		24,301	672,484
Intergovernmental revenues		870,500	647,341	1,296,985	2,814,826
Charges for services		206,967		299,640	506,607
Interest income		49,865	2,489	14,654	67,008
Miscellaneous revenues	_	146,649	64,914	62,423	273,986
Total Revenues	_	7,213,794	2,427,572	3,255,175	12,896,541
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		2,854,386		39,331	2,893,717
Public safety		4,089,143		1,156,818	5,245,961
Public works			1,973,963	1,150,850	3,124,813
Health and welfare		122,856		355,669	478,525
Culture and recreation		226,937			226,937
Conservation of natural resources		93,720			93,720
Economic development and assistance		13,940		161,812	175,752
Debt service:					
Princip al Princip al		301,282	463,205	605,799	1,370,286
Interest		306,216	17,914	57,410	381,540
Paying agent fees		2,500		5,950	8,450
Total Expenditures	_	8,010,980	2,455,082	3,533,639	13,999,701
Excess of Revenues over					
(under) Expenditures		(797,186)	(27,510)	(278,464)	(1,103,160)
(under) Expenditures	-	(797,180)	(27,310)	(278,404)	(1,103,100)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-term capital debt issued			389,453	374,453	763,906
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,859	31,248		37,107
Transfers in				235,204	235,204
Transfers out	_	(88,084)		(147,120)	(235,204)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	(82,225)	420,701	462,537	801,013
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(879,411)	393,191	184,073	(302,147)
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	5,528,248	208,720	2,026,108	7,763,076
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ _	4,648,837	601,911	2,210,181	7,460,929

SIMPSON COUNTY  Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		Exhibit 4-1
For the Year Ended September 30, 2012		Amount
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(302,147)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays of \$2,586,829 exceeded depreciation of \$1,012,279 in the current period.		1,574,550
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the proceeds from the sale of capital assets of \$37,107 and the net loss of \$6,978.		(44,085)
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.		(115,191)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt repayments of \$1,370,286 exceeded proceeds of \$763,906.		606,380
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		
Increase in compensated absences Increase in accrued interest payable The Amortization of:		(24,559) (127,221)
Issuance cost on refunding bond Issuance cost on Certificates of Participation Refunding Bond Deferred Charge and premium	_	(7,387) (27,798) (3,419)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	1,529,123

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund September 30, 2012

		ness-type Activities - prise Fund
		Garbage and Solid Waste Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	322,064
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for		
uncollectibles of \$806,751)		264,460
Total Current Assets		586,524
Noncurrent assets:		_
Capital assets:		
Other capital assets, net		534,003
Total Noncurrent Assets		534,003
Total Assets		1,120,527
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Claims payable		36,869
Unearned revenue		52,487
Capital debt:		
Capital leases payable		4,462
Total Current Liabilities		93,818
Noncurrent liabilities:	·	
Capital debt:		
Capital leases payable		57,646
Non-capital debt:		
Compensated absences payable		27,346
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		84,992
Total Liabilities		178,810
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		471,895
Restricted for:		
Public works		469,822
Total Net Assets	\$	941,717

SIMPSON COUNTY Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September  $30,\,2012$ 

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
	Garbage and Solid Waste Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 877,784
Other operating cash receipts	320
Total Operating Revenues	878,104
Operating Expenses	
Personal services	389,664
Contractual services	230,841
Materials and supplies	216,502
Depreciation expense	74,944
Total Operating Expenses	911,951
Operating Income (Loss)	(33,847)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest income	2,353
Intergovernmental grants	18,920
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	38,504
Interest expense	(298)
Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	59,479
Changes in Net Assets	25,632
Net Assets - Beginning	916,085
Net Assets - Ending	\$941,717

Exhibit 7

		ss-type Activities - rise Fund
		Garbage and Solid Waste Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		0.54.0=0
Receipts from customers	\$	864,078
Payments to employees		(387,144)
Payments to suppliers		(440,839)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		36,095
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Intergovernmental grants received		18,920
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		18,920
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds of long-term debt		63,210
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		48,230
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(86,160)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,102)
Interest paid on debt		(298)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		23,880
1 materials 1 territors		23,000
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest on deposits		2,353
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		2,353
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		81,248
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		240,816
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	322,064
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(33,847)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ψ	(55,647)
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		74,944
Changes in assets and liabilities:		77,277
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net		(14,634)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		6,184
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences liability		2,520
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		928
Total Adjustments		69,942
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	36,095
		,

Noncash Capital Financing Activity:

Simpson County lease purchased mobile equipment for \$63,210 for 4 years at 1.90% interest. Principal payments of \$1,102 were made on the lease during the year.

#### SIMPSON COUNTY Exhibit 8 Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2012 Agency Funds **ASSETS** Cash \$ 121,327 Due from other funds 14,094 135,421 Total Assets LIABILITIES Intergovernmental payables 135,421 Total Liabilities 135,421

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity.

Simpson County is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Simpson County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component unit which have significant operational or financial relationships with the county.

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor-Collector
- Sheriff

# B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures.

# **Blended Component Unit**

Certain component units, although legally separate from the primary government, are nevertheless so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. Therefore, this component unit is reported as if it is part of the primary government. The following component unit balances and transactions are blended with the balances and transactions of the primary government.

Simpson County Economic Development District is a legally separate entity organized under Section 19-5-99, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Its purpose is to foster, encourage and facilitate economic development in the county. The entity's board of trustees is composed of 11 members appointed by the county board of supervisors. The county funds the entity through a 1 mill tax levy.

#### C. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its blended component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business-type activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The County's Proprietary Funds apply all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and only the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Countywide Road Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance.

The County reports the following major Enterprise Fund:

<u>Garbage and Solid Waste Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the county's activities of disposal of solid waste within the county.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the County has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the county, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

#### E. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2005 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

#### F. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the county to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the County did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

#### G. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

#### H. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable Governmental Funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

# I. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the (applicable) governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Governmental accounting and financial reporting standards allow governments meeting certain criteria to elect not to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. Simpson County meets this criteria and has elected to report general infrastructure assets acquired after September 30, 1980 on the government-wide financial statements. Current year general infrastructure assets are reported on the government-wide financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 1980.

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. No interest is capitalized on self-constructed assets because noncapitalization of interest does not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	 Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	N/A
Infrastructure	0	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

# J. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the Proprietary Fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

### K. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets - All other net assets not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Government fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# L. Property Tax Revenues.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectibility criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

#### M. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

# N. Compensated Absences.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and Proprietary Funds financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

#### (2) Deposits.

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2012, was \$8,124,269, and the bank balance was \$8,651,216. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the County. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

#### Restricted Cash.

As approved in Section 91-13-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the cash balance amount of \$6,272 is managed through a trust indenture between the County and the trustee related to the operations of the Simpson County Jail Complex. Accordingly, this cash is classified as restricted on the financial statements.

# (3) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2012:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 13,589
Countywide Road Maintenance Fund	General Fund	34,090
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	19,028
Agency Funds	General Fund	 14,094
Total		\$ 80,801

Amounts listed are the tax revenues, justice court and circuit clerk fees collected in September 2012 but not settled until October 2012 and temporary loans to cover cash deficits resulting from governmental grant reimbursements. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

# B. Advances from/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	\$ 33,500 15,000
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 13,000
Total		\$ 48,500

Amounts listed represent cash loaned to cover cash deficits resulting from the delays in grant reimbursements.

# C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	 Amount
Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 88,084 147,120
Total		\$ 235,204

The purpose of these transfers was to provide funds for budgeted items and to close debt service funds. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

# (4) Intergovernmental Receivables.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

Description	<u></u>	Amount
Governmental Activities:		
Legislative tax credit	\$	122,670
Mississippi Emergency Management Agency		30,083
Department of Public Safety		71,939
Department of Corrections		25,137
Mississippi Development Authority		57,113
Secretary of State		6,217
Commercial Mobile Radio Services Board		29,122
Total Governmental Activities	\$	342,281

# (5) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2012:

#### **Governmental activities:**

	-	Balance Oct. 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments *	Balance Sept. 30, 2012
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	1,726,509				1,726,509
Construction in progress		6,931,811	1,421,087		(8,054,343)	298,555
Total non-depreciable capital assets		8,658,320	1,421,087	0	(8,054,343)	2,025,064
Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure		130,222,671	566,138			130,788,809
Buildings		6,469,318			8,054,343	14,523,661

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	_	Balance Oct. 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments*	Balance Sept. 30, 2012
Improvements other						
than buildings		681,890	58,589			740,479
Mobile equipment		3,908,031	309,811	192,235	68,348	4,093,955
Furniture and equipment		978,292	52,298	->-,	22,2	1,030,590
Leased property under		, .	- ,			, ,
capital leases		1,073,142	178,906		(68,348)	1,183,700
Total depreciable						
capital assets	_	143,333,344	1,165,742	192,235	8,054,343	152,361,194
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure		84,548,170	337,405			84,885,575
Buildings		3,372,182	221,982			3,594,164
Improvements other		, ,	,			, ,
than buildings		54,554	29,622			84,176
Mobile equipment		2,629,996	251,537	148,150	36,912	2,770,295
Furniture and equipment		816,289	41,371			857,660
Leased property under						
capital leases	_	249,058	130,362		(36,912)	342,508
Total accumulated						
depreciation	_	91,670,249	1,012,279	148,150	0	92,534,378
Total depreciable capital						
assets, net	_	51,663,095	153,463	44,085	8,054,343	59,826,816
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ _	60,321,415	1,574,550	44,085	0	61,851,880
<b>Business-type activities:</b>						
		Balance				Balance
		Oct. 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2012
	_	000.1,2011			Tagasmens	
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	\$	164,260				164,260
Mobile equipment		1,220,579	22,950	97,254		1,146,275
Leased property under						
capital leases	_		63,210			63,210
Total depreciable		1,384,839	86,160	97,254	0	1,373,745
capital assets	-	1,304,037	00,100	71,234		1,373,743
Less accumulated depreciation						
for:						
Buildings		42,718	3,286			46,004
Mobile equipment		809,608	65,969	87,528		788,049
Leased property under						
capital leases	_		5,689			5,689
Total accumulated						
depreciation	-	852,326	74,944	87,528	0	839,742
Total depreciable capital						
assets, net		532,513	11,216	9,726	0	534,003
ussets, net	-	332,313	11,210	7,120		557,005
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$	532,513	11,216	9,726	0	534,003
	=					

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

\*The adjustments represent reclassifications of paid off leased property under capital lease to mobile equipment along with related accumulated depreciation and the reclassification of completed construction in progress to buildings.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

	_	Amount
Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	111,529
Public safety		316,139
Public works		546,636
Health and welfare		10,698
Economic development	_	27,277
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$	1,012,279
	-	
Business-type activities:		
Solid waste	\$	74,944
	-	
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$	74,944

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

	Remaining Financial	Expected Date of
Description of Commitment	 Commitment	Completion
	<u> </u>	
Department of Human Services Renovation	\$ 100,475	12/2012

# (6) Claims and Judgments.

#### Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2012, to January 1, 2013. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

#### (7) Operating Leases.

#### As Lessor:

The County receives income from property it leases under noncancellable operating leases. Total income from such leases was \$45,000 for the year ended September 30, 2012. The future minimum lease receivables for these leases are as follows:

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Year Ended September 30	 Amount
2013	\$ 45,000
2014	45,000
2015	45,000
2016	45,000
2017	45,000
2018	 45,000
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 270,000

#### (8) Capital Leases.

#### As Lessee:

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2012:

Classes of Property	<u></u>	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
Mobile equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	1,183,700 342,508	63,210 5,689	
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$	841,192	57,521	

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2012:

		Governmental Acti	ivities	Business-type Activities	
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2013	\$	168,896	20,542	4,462	1,141
2014		131,608	15,882	4,548	1,056
2015		219,327	8,781	4,635	969
2016		214,938	4,476	48,463	739
2017	_	13,123	707	<del></del>	
Total	\$ _	747,892	50,388	62,108	3,905

# (9) Other Postemployment Benefits.

#### Plan Description

The Simpson County Board of Supervisors administers the County's health insurance plan which is authorized by Sections 25-15-101 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The County's health insurance plan may be amended by the Simpson County Board of Supervisors. The County purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 45 as a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The County does not issue a publicly available financial report for the Plan. The County also has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

# (10) Long-term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

Description and Purpose		Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date
Governmental Activities:				
A. General Obligation Bonds:				
Quality Foods MBIA bond	\$	470,000	2.00%	03/2016
Industrial development bonds of 2009		548,149	0.00%	05/2019
2011 Road and bridge refunding bonds		1,650,000	2.00-3.00%	10/2019
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,668,149		
B. Limited Obligation Bonds:				
Certificates of Participation, (Jail Complex)	\$	7,465,000	3.00 - 4.70%	11/2030
C. Capital Leases:				
Freightliner truck and trailer	\$	1,456	3.24%	10/2012
Two tractors and related equipment		40,058	3.19%	04/2013
Excavator		47,304	3.39%	10/2014
2 Caterpillar motor graders (refinanced)		259,644	3.17%	12/2014
Computer system		53,579	3.45%	10/2015
Wheel loader		110,235	3.12%	02/2016
2 Case backhoes		176,384	1.95%	09/2016
Radios		59,232	5.39%	09/2017
Total Capital Leases	\$	747,892		
D. Other Loans:				
DHS Building renovation	\$	285,000	2.25%	04/2017
CAP Loan- fire Truck	_	48,264	2.00%	06/2018
Total Other Loans	\$	333,264		
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>				
A. Capital Leases:				
Caterpillar backhoe	\$	62,108	1.90%	07/2016

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Assets are as follows:

# Governmental Activities:

	General Obligation Bonds		Limited Obligation Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
ф	405.000	45.250	207.000	201.026
\$	407,222	46,350	285,000	291,926
	417,222	39,850	290,000	283,301
	427,222	33,100	300,000	274,451
	437,222	26,200	310,000	265,301
	327,222	20,300	320,000	255,851
	652,039	21,975	1,760,000	1,108,938
			2,125,000	727,362
_			2,075,000	200,573
\$	2,668,149	187,775	7,465,000	3,407,703
	\$	Principal  \$ 407,222 417,222 427,222 437,222 327,222 652,039	Principal         Interest           \$ 407,222         46,350           417,222         39,850           427,222         33,100           437,222         26,200           327,222         20,300           652,039         21,975	Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 407,222         46,350         285,000           417,222         39,850         290,000           427,222         33,100         300,000           437,222         26,200         310,000           327,222         20,300         320,000           652,039         21,975         1,760,000           2,125,000         2,075,000

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Other Loans	
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest
		<del></del>	
2013	\$	62,615	7,303
2014		64,004	5,913
2015		65,425	4,493
2016		66,877	3,041
2017		68,362	1,555
2018 - 2022		5,981	28
Total	\$	333,264	22,333
	· ·		

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2012, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 1.08% of the latest property assessments.

<u>Certificates of Participation</u> - In accordance with Section 31-8-1 et seq. Mississippi Code Ann., (1972), the County issued Certificates of Participation and transferred the proceeds to the Central Mississippi Public Improvement Corporation (Corporation). The funds are to be used to construct a County Jail Complex. At completion, the Corporation will enter into a twenty year lease with the County. The County is obligated to pay the Corporation rent equal to the principal and interest on the debt. At the completion of the lease, the County will assume ownership of the facility. This obligation is not a general obligation and does not constitute a pledge of full faith and credit of the County.

<u>Prior Year Defeasance of Debt</u> - In prior years, the county defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the county's financial statements. On September 30, 2012, \$1,635,000 of bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2012:

		-				<b>D</b> 1	Amount due
		Balance				Balance	within one
	-	Oct. 1, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2012	year
Governmental Activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	265,213	24,559			289,772	
General obligation bonds		3,265,371		597,222		2,668,149	407,222
Less:							
Deferred refunding charge							
and premium, net		(17,245)		(3,419)		(13,826)	
Limited obligation bonds		7,740,000		275,000		7,465,000	285,000
Capital leases		759,104	478,906	490,118		747,892	168,896
Other loans	-	56,210	285,000	7,946		333,264	62,615
Total	\$	12,068,653	788,465	1,366,867	0	11,490,251	923,733
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>							
Compensated absences	\$	24,826	2,520			27,346	
Capital leases	-		63,210	1,102		62,108	4,462
Total	\$	24,826	65,730	1,102	0	89,454	4,462

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid which are generally the General Fund, Road Maintenance Fund, Reappraisal Trust Fund, DUI Officers Grant Fund, Emergency 911 Fund, Seized Forfeited Fund, Bridge and Culvert Fund, and Garbage and Solid Waste Fund.

## (11) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

#### (12) Joint Ventures.

The county participates in the following joint ventures:

Simpson County is a participant with Rankin, Scott and Smith Counties in a joint venture, authorized by Section 39-3-9, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Central Mississippi Regional Library System. The joint venture was created to provide free library service to the public and is governed by a five-member board of which two members are appointed by Rankin County and one member each from the other three counties. By contractual agreement, the County's appropriation to the joint venture was \$148,548 in fiscal year 2012. Complete financial statements for the Central Mississippi Regional Library System can be obtained from the following address: 104 Office Park Drive, Brandon, MS 39042.

Simpson County is a participant with the Cities of Magee and Mendenhall in a joint venture, authorized by Section 17-17-307, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the South Central Regional Solid Waste Authority. The joint venture was created to provide rubbish waste disposal for the residents of Simpson County and is governed by a seven-member board appointed by the Board of Supervisors and Board of Aldermen; three by Simpson County, and two each by the Cities of Magee and Mendenhall. The County's appropriation to the joint venture was \$64,573 in fiscal year 2012. Complete financial statements for the South Central Mississippi Regional Solid Waste Authority can be obtained from the following address: P. O. Box 487, Mendenhall, MS 39114.

## (13) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The county participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Copiah-Lincoln Community College operates in a district composed of the Counties of Adams, Copiah, Franklin, Jefferson, Lawrence, Lincoln and Simpson. The Simpson County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 27 members of the college board of trustees. The County appropriated \$1,181,646 for the maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2012.

Region Eight Mental Health Commission operates in a district composed of the Counties of Copiah, Madison, Rankin and Simpson. The Simpson County Board of Supervisors appoints one member of the Board of Commissioners. The County appropriated \$45,000 for support of the commission in fiscal year 2012.

Central Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Copiah, Hinds, Madison, Rankin, Simpson, Warren and Yazoo. The Simpson County Board of Supervisors appoints three of the 33 members of the board of directors. The County contributes a small percentage of the district's total revenue. The county appropriated \$13,940 for the support of the district in fiscal year 2012.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

## (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

<u>Plan Description</u>. Simpson County, Mississippi, contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. At September 30, 2012, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate at September 30, 2012 was 14.26% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$511,936, \$425,227 and \$421,351, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SIMPSON COUNTY Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012					
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		400000	- 000		
Property taxes	\$	4,903,895	5,075,592	5,075,592	
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		231,000	233,774	233,774	
Fines and forfeitures		623,250	663,784	663,784	
Intergovernmental revenues		754,100	871,867	871,867	
Charges for services		456,000	198,868	198,868	
Interest income		66,900	51,056	51,056	
Miscellaneous revenues		104,500	110,843	110,843	
Total Revenues	_	7,139,645	7,205,784	7,205,784	0
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		3,055,561	2,884,018	2,884,018	
Public safety		3,626,899	3,264,415	3,264,415	
Health and welfare		139,645	127,085	127,085	
Culture and recreation		208,548	226,842	226,842	
Conservation of natural resources		109,568	95,700	95,700	
Economic development and assistance		13,940	13,940	13,940	
Debt service:					
Principal		610,001	301,282	301,282	
Interest			306,215	306,215	
Bond issue costs			2,500	2,500	
Total Expenditures		7,764,162	7,221,997	7,221,997	0
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(624,517)	(16,213)	(16,213)	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out		(13,845)	(24,423)	(24,423)	
Other financing sources		(,)	10,821	10,821	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(13,845)	(13,602)	(13,602)	0
Total Other I maleing Boarees and Oses	_	(13,013)	(13,002)	(13,002)	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		(638,362)	(29,815)	(29,815)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	4,141,000	4,508,017	5,457,256	949,239
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ _	3,502,638	4,478,202	5,427,441	949,239

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) County wide Road Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

				Actual	Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
		Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	1,382,028	1,403,402	1,403,402	
Road and bridge privilege taxes		305,000	314,774	314,774	
Intergovernmental revenues		672,050	665,837	665,837	
Interest income		7,000	2,493	2,493	
Miscellaneous revenues		10,000	4,397	4,397	
Total Revenues		2,376,078	2,390,903	2,390,903	0
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public works		2,187,585	2,058,856	2,058,856	
Debt service:					
Principal		210,000	163,998	163,998	
Interest			17,121	17,121	
Total Expenditures	_	2,397,585	2,239,975	2,239,975	0
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(21,507)	150,928	150,928	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-term non-capital debt issued			89,453	89,453	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			72,931	72,931	
Compensation for loss of capital assets			18,834	18,834	
Transfers in			73,353	73,353	
Transfers out			(73,353)	(73,353)	
Other financing sources		20,000			
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	20,000	181,218	181,218	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,507)	332,146	332,146	
Fund Balances - Beginning		350,000	298,934	298,934	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	348,493	631,080	631,080	0

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

## Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

## A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

#### B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplemental information.

## C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

	 Governmental Fund Types		
		Countywide	
		Road	
	General	Maintenance	
	 Fund	Fund	
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$ (29,815)	332,146	
Increase (Decrease)			
Net adjustments for revenue accruals	16,636	(23,845)	
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	 (866,232)	84,890	
GAAP Basis	\$ (879,411)	393,191	

OTHER INFORMATION

## SIMPSON COUNTY Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Curtis G. Skiffer	Supervisor District 1	Western Surety	\$100,000
Larry Walker	Supervisor District 2	RLI	\$100,000
Brian Kennedy	Supervisor District 3	RLI	\$100,000
Mickey Berry	Supervisor District 4	Western Surety	\$100,000
Randy Moore	Supervisor District 5	RLI	\$100,000
Rhuel Dickinson	County Administrator	RLI	\$100,000
Tommy Joe Harvey	Chancery Clerk	RLI	\$100,000
M innie Parker	Purchase Clerk	Western Surety	\$75,000
Rhuel Dickinson	Assisstant Purchase Clerk	RLI	\$50,000
Loretta Sims	Receiving Clerk	RLI	\$75,000
Steve Harper	Assisstant Receiving Clerk	RLI	\$50,000
Regina Evans	Assisstant Receiving Clerk	State Farm	\$50,000
David Hall	Assisstant Receiving Clerk	RLI	\$50,000
Eric Bowen	Inventory Control Clerk	State Farm	\$75,000
Barry Sparks	Road Manager	State Farm	\$50,000
Randall Coleman	Constable	RLI	\$50,000
Dan Easterling	Constable	RLI	\$50,000
Cindy Jensen	Circuit Clerk	RLI	\$100,000
Kenneth Lewis	Sheriff	RLI	\$100,000
Jeff Smith	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
William Mike Brown	Sheriff's Deputy	State Farm	\$50,000
William Caroll	Sheriff's Deputy	State Farm	\$50,000
Bryan Buckley	Sheriff's Deputy	Western Surety	\$50,000
James Morehead	Sheriff's Deputy	State Farm	\$50,000
Marvin Miller	Sheriff's Deputy	State Farm	\$50,000
Donnie McGovern	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
Chris Jones	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
Greg Reynolds	Sheriff's Deputy	State Farm	\$50,000
Joe Andrews	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
Brian Davis	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
Kathryn McMillan	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
Christopher Wallace	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
John Kilpatrick	Sheriff's Deputy	RLI	\$50,000
Ted Blakeney	Justice Court Judge	RLI	\$50,000
Eugene Knight	Justice Court Judge	RLI	\$50,000
Kim Jackson	Justice Court Clerk	RLI	\$50,000
Joyce Hicks	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	RLI	\$50,000
Brandy Shepherd	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	State Farm	\$50,000
Theja Abernathy	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	State Farm	\$50,000
Charles Baldwin	Tax Assessor-Collector	RLI	\$100,000

SPECIAL REPORTS



## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STACEY E. PICKERING

AUDITOR

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Simpson County, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Simpson County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 11, 2013. The report is qualified on the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund because the County did not record a liability or current year expense for other postemployment benefits as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Simpson County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 12-1 to be a material weakness.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Simpson County, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Simpson County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. We did not audit Simpson County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

WILLIAM R. DOSS, CPA

Will. Don

Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

July 11, 2013



## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STACEY E. PICKERING

**AUDITOR** 

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Simpson County, Mississippi

We have examined Simpson County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2012. The Board of Supervisors of Simpson County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Simpson County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Simpson County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2012.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination of the purchasing system and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that examination.

This report is intended for use in evaluating the central purchasing system and inventory control system of Simpson County, Mississippi, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

WILLIAM R. DOSS, CPA

Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

July 11, 2013

## SIMPSON COUNTY Schedule 1

Schedule of Purchases Not Made From the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Our test results did not identify any purchases from other than the lowest bidder.

## SIMPSON COUNTY Schedule 2

Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Our test results did not identify any emergency purchases.

SIMPSON COUNTY Schedule 3

Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September  $30,\ 2012$ 

	Item	Amount	
Date	Purchased	Paid	Vendor
03/19/2012	Benches	\$ 10,892	Easley and Easley



## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STACEY E. PICKERING

AUDITOR

#### LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Simpson County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Simpson County, Mississippi (the County) for the year ended September 30, 2012, we considered Simpson County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Simpson County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated July 11, 2013, on the financial statements of Simpson County, Mississippi.

Although no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

WILLIAM R. DOSS, CPA

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Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

July 11, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

## Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

#### Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

Governmental activitiesQualifiedBusiness-type activitiesQualifiedGeneral FundUnqualifiedCountywide Road Maintenance FundUnqualifiedAggregate remaining fund informationUnqualifiedGarbage and Solid Waste FundQualified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness identified? Yes

b. Significant deficiency identified? None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

## Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Supervisors.

#### Material Weakness

12-1. Liability for other postemployment benefits should be recorded.

#### **Finding**

Simpson County purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan. Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 45 as a single employer defined benefit health care plan. GASB Statement 45 requires the County to report on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits. The County does not issue a publicly available financial report for their health insurance plan. However, as reported in the prior two years' audit reports, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the county reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The failure to properly follow generally accepted accounting principles resulted in a qualified opinion on the governmental activities, business type activities and the Garbage and Solid Waste Fund.

## Recommendation

The Board of Supervisors should have an actuarial valuation performed annually so that a liability for other postemployment benefits can be recorded and the appropriate note disclosures can be made in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Board of Supervisors' Response

The Board of Supervisors determined that it is not cost effective to have an actuarial valuation performed annually for reporting other postemployment benefits.